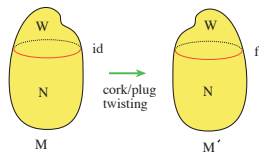


Corks, plugs, Glucks, and ropes

Selman Akbulut

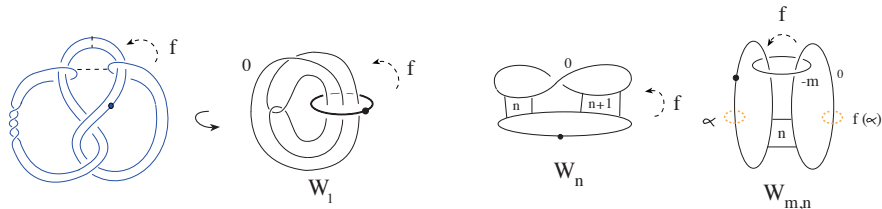
August 12, 2012

Basic pieces



- cork \simeq point (A, Matveyev [Curtis, Freedman, Hsiang, Stong])
- plug $\simeq S^2$ (A and Yasui)
- "anticork" $\simeq S^1$

Examples: W_n corks, $W_{m,n}$ plugs ($m \geq 1, n \geq 2$). $W_{1,0}$ is Gluck!



Remarks about plugs

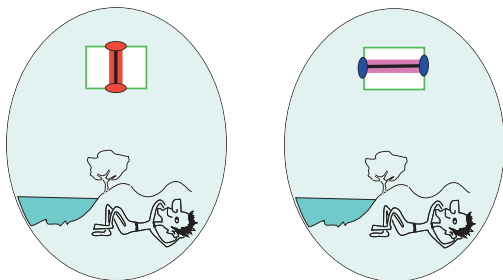
- $W_{m,n}$ is a plug: If f extended homomorphism inside \implies

$$W_{m,n} + \gamma^{-1} \approx W_{m,n} + f(\gamma)^{-1}$$

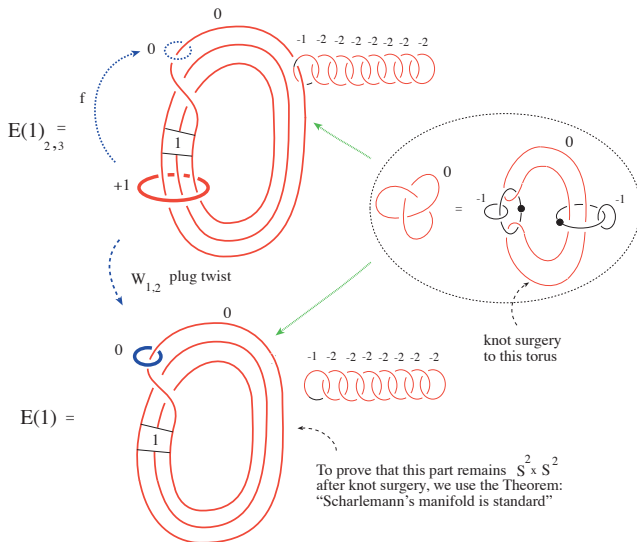
but they have nonisomorphic intersection forms

$$\begin{pmatrix} -2n - mn^2 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} -2n - mn^2 & -1 - mn \\ -1 - mn & -1 - m \end{pmatrix},$$

- $W_{m,n} = B^4 + K^{-2n-n^2m^2}$, $K \subset S^3$ is some torus knot. So upside plug also looks like a 2-handle attached to different place.

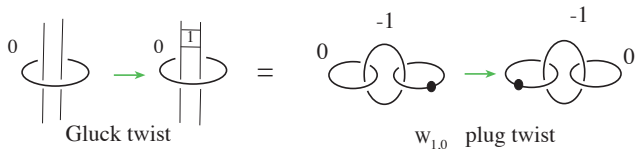


Seeing standard and exotic copies simultaneously

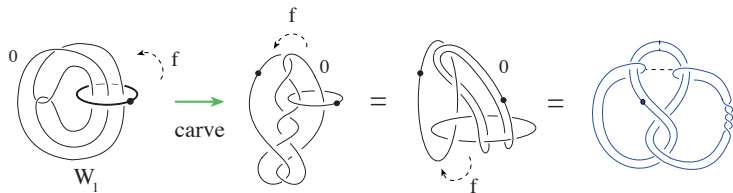


More applications

- Gluck twisting $X^4 \mapsto X_S$, where $S \subset X^2$ smooth 2-sphere.
Gluck-twisting = $W_{1,0}$ plug-twisting.



- Theorem (A-Yasui) If $S \subset X^4$ is null homologous, and the intersection form of X is odd then $X_S \approx X$
- Creating an anticork:



$$\mathcal{E} = \{\text{Eliashberg Handlebodies}\} \xleftarrow{A-O} \{\text{PALF's}\} = \mathcal{P}$$

$$\downarrow E$$

$$\swarrow$$

$$\downarrow A-O$$

$$\{\text{Stein Manifolds}\}$$

$$\rightarrow$$

$$\{\text{Symplectic manifolds}\}$$

- $X^4 \in \mathcal{E}$, choose \mathcal{F} with $X^4 = |\mathcal{F}| \Rightarrow X^4 \subset S^4$ (closed symplectic)

$$X \in \mathcal{E} \Rightarrow X = \{K_1^{r_1}, \dots, K_S^{r_S}, C_1, \dots, C_p\} \text{ (1- and 2-handles)}$$

Let $K_S \rightarrow S$ can. line bundle, $\langle c_1(M), K_j \rangle = \text{rot}(K_j)$, K_j^* hom duals

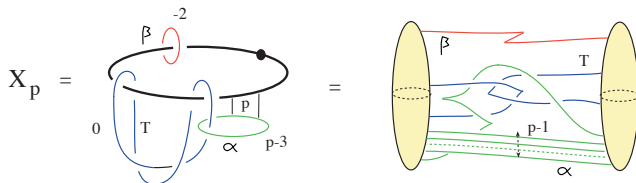
$$K_S = c_1(S) = \sum_j \text{rot}(K_j) K_j^*$$

- $\Sigma \subset S \Rightarrow 2g - 2 \geq \Sigma \cdot \Sigma + |K_S \cdot \Sigma|$ (Adjunction inequality)

Examples:

Theorem (A-Yasui) \exists infinitely many 1-connected Stein manifolds (of Betti number 2), which are exotic copies of each other. They are Stein fillings of the same contact 3-manifold.

(Existence of such examples, with large Betti numbers, were previously established by Akhmedov-Etnyre-Mark-Smith)



proof: Apply adjunction to $\Sigma = \alpha - p\beta + qT$, where $q = p^2 - (p-3)/2$

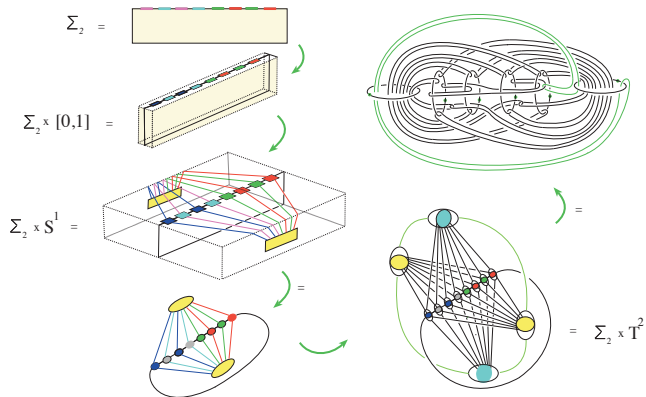
$$2g(\Sigma) - 2 \geq \Sigma \cdot \Sigma + |K_S \cdot \Sigma| = 0 + |p-1|$$

$$\Rightarrow g(\Sigma) \rightarrow \infty \text{ as } p \rightarrow \infty$$

2 recent examples

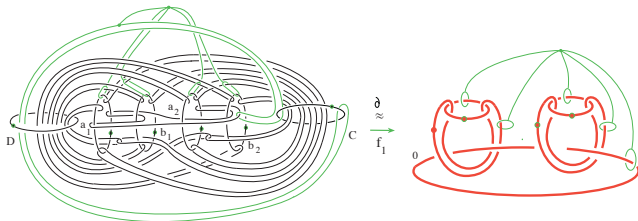
- Problem: How to cut out a big a chunk from a handlebody, and putting a different chunk in instead with the same boundary?
- Solution: “Ropes technique”. We will demonstrate this on the Akhmedov-Park manifolds.
- Fibration $T^2 \rightarrow S_0^3(K) \times S^1 \rightarrow T^2$.
- AP1: Smooth $T_{vert}^2 \cup T_{hor}^2 \subset S_0^3(K) \times S^1$, then blow up \Rightarrow Get $F_2 \times D^2 \subset S_0^3(K) \times S^1 \# 2(-\mathbb{C}P^2) \Rightarrow$ Call its complement X
- AP2: Blowup $S_0^3(K) \times S^1 \# (-\mathbb{C}P^2)$, then smooth $2T_{vert}^2 \cup T_{hor}^2 \Rightarrow F_2 \times D^2 \subset S_0^3(K) \times S^1 \# (-\mathbb{C}P^2) \Rightarrow$ Call its complement Y
- $Z = F_2 \times T_0^2$ with 4 Luttinger surgeries in its interior.
- AP1: $M = Z \smile X$
- AP2: $N = Z \smile Y$

Building $\Sigma_2 \times T^2$

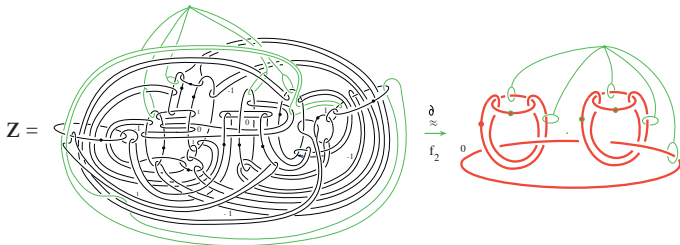


Lowering ropes

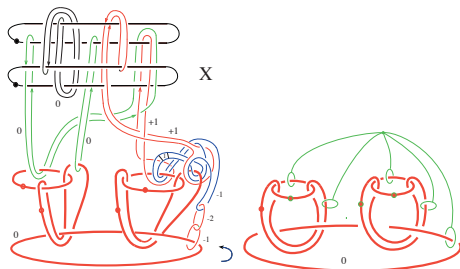
- (1) Draw $F_2 \times T_0^2$ with a concrete diffeo $f_1 : \partial(F_2 \times T_0^2) \xrightarrow{\approx} \partial(F_2 \times D^2)$



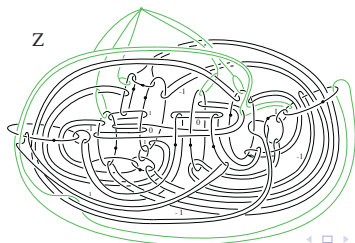
- (2) Draw Z with a concrete diffeo $f_2 : \partial Z \xrightarrow{\approx} \partial(F_2 \times D^2)$

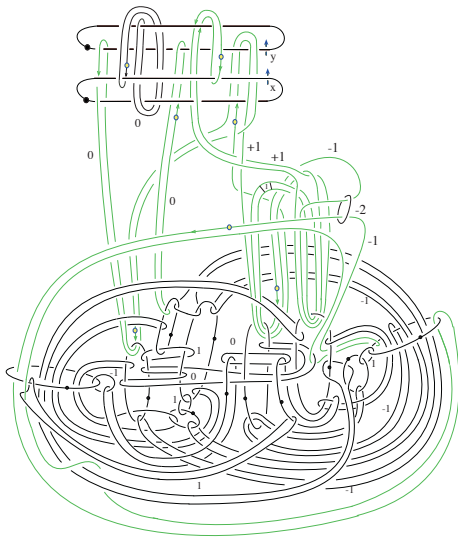


Ropes



$\partial \mathbb{R}^3$





Ropes

